## SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

## SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : PROTOR PL ROUGE Product code : 967.

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Protection varnish

Professional use

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : ORAPI.

Address : PARC INDUSTRIEL DE LA PLAINE DE L'AIN - 225 ALLEE DES CEDRES.01150.SAINT-VULBAS.FRANCE. Telephone : 33-(0)4-74-40-20-20. Fax : 33-(0)4-74-40-20-21.

fds@orapi.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number : 33-(0)1-45-42-59-59.

Association/Organisation : INRS .

### Other emergency numbers

Emergency Action: In the event of a medical enquiry involving this product, please contact your doctor or local hospital accident and emergency department.

## **SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 2 (Flam. Liq. 2, H225).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

#### 2.2. Label elements

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :

GHS02 GHS07	
Signal Word :	
DANGER	
Product identifiers : 607-025-00-1 N-BUTYL A	CETATE
Hazard statements :	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statements - Preventio	n :
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
Precautionary statements - Response	:
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Precautionary statements - Storage :	
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

# SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2. Mixtures

Composition	
Composition	٠

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 607-025-00-1	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	$50 \le x \% \le 100$
CAS: 123-86-4	Wng		
EC: 204-658-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
REACH: 01-2119485493-29	STOT SE 3, H336		
	EUH:066		
N-BUTYL ACETATE			
INDEX: 606-002-00-3	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	$2.5 \le x \% \le 10$
CAS: 78-93-3	Dgr		
EC: 201-159-0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119457290-43	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
BUTANONE	EUH:066		
CAS: 64-17-5	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	$1 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 200-578-6	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119457610-43	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
ETHANOL			

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

#### Information on ingredients :

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

## **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Consult a physician in case of disorder.

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any pain, redness or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital. Consult a doctor in the event of irritation

### In the event of swallowing :

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 

No data available.

# **SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

## Suitable methods of extinction

- In the event of a fire, use :
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- dry sand
- powder

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

- water

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

## **SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothings.

Do not breathe vapours, fumes and fog.

### **Fire prevention :**

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged : always earth during decanting operations. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and floors should be electrically conductive.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### **Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Keep the container away from heat, bad weather, dampness and freezing.

## Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits :**

- European Union (2	2017/2398, 201	7/164, 2009/16	51, 2006/15/CE	, 2000/39/CE,	98/24/CE) :	_
CAS	VME-mg/m3	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :	
	:		_			
78-93-3	600	200	900	300	-	]
- France (INRS - El	D984 :2016) :					
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
		:				
123-86-4	150	710	200	940	-	84
78-93-3	200	600	300	900	*	84
64-17-5	1000	1900	5000	9500	-	84
- UK / WEL (Work	place exposure	limits, EH40/2	2005, 2011) :			
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	]
123-86-4	150 ppm	200 ppm				]
	724 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	966 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

78-93-3	200 ppm	300 ppm		Sk, BMGV			
78-95-5	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	899 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		SK, DIVIOV			
64-17-5	1000 ppm	- ppm					
	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	- mg/m <sup>3</sup>					
Derived no effect lev	vel (DNFL ) or		um offect lev	ما (DMFI )۰			
BUTANONE (C	. ,			ci (DMEL).			
Final use:	AS. 76-95-5)		Work	0.85			
Exposure met	hod.		Dermal co				
Potential heal				systemic effect	ts.		
DNEL :				kg body weight/			
Exposure met	thod.		Inhalation				
Potential heal			Long term	systemic effect	ts.		
DNEL :			600 mg of substance/m3				
Final use:				umers.			
Exposure met			Ingestion.				
Potential heal DNEL:	th effects:			systemic effect			
DNEL:			31 mg/kg	body weight/da	.y		
Exposure met				Dermal contact.			
Potential heal	th effects:		Long term systemic effects.				
DNEL :			412 mg/kg	g body weight/d	lay		
Exposure met	thod:		Inhalation				
Potential heal	th effects:		Long term	systemic effect	ts.		
DNEL :			106 mg of	substance/m3			
Predicted no effect of	concentration	(PNEC):					
BUTANONE (C							
	al compartment	:	Soil.				
PNEC :			22.5 mg/k	g			
Environmenta	al compartment		Fresh wat	er.			
PNEC :	1	55.8 mg/l					
- ·			~				
	Environmental compartment: Sea wa						
PNEC :			55.8 mg/l				
Environmenta	al compartment		Intermittent waste water.				
PNEC :			55.8 mg/l				
Environmenta	al compartment	•	Fresh wat	er sediment.			
PNEC :	-		284.7 mg/	kg			
Environmenta	al compartment	•	Waste water treatment plant.				
PNEC :	•		709 mg/l	1			

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

#### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

## - Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

### **SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information :			
Physical state :	Fluid liquid.		
Important health, safety and environmental information			
Density :	0.92 - 0.93		
pH :	Not relevant.		
Boiling point/boiling range :	80 °C.		
Flash Point Interval :	$FP < 23^{\circ}C$		
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.		
Water solubility :	Insoluble.		
Melting point/melting range :	Not specified.		
Self-ignition temperature :	Not specified.		
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not specified.		
9.2. Other information			

Colour : red

## SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.

- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces
- exposure to light
- sources of ignition

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

## 11.1.1. Substances

### Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Causes serious eye irritation. Corneal haze :

1 <= Average score < 2 and effects totally reversible within 21 days of observation

### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

## **SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1. Toxicity

### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

#### **SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2015 - IMDG 2014 - ICAO/IATA 2015).

### 14.1. UN number

1993

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1993=FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(butanone, n-butyl acetate)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



### 14.4. Packing group

Π

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	Π	3	33	1 L	274 601 640C	E2	2	D/E
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	3	-	II	1 L	F-E,S-E	274	E2			
	•	•				L.				
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	]
	3	-	Π	353	5 L	364	60 L	A3	E2	

A3

E2

1 L

Y341 For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG. For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Π

No data available.

3

## **SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 487/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 758/2013.

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 944/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 605/2014.

#### - Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

## **SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### **Abbreviations :**

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC : Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark